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SEVENTH YEAR.

WA-KEENEY, KANSAS, SATURDAY, MAY 23, 1885.

NUMBER 13.

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Bologna Sausage & Pressed Corn Beef a Specialty.

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THE LOW-PRICE STORE.

WAGNER & GRIM.

OILS, PAINTS, BRUSHES,

And the usual line of goods found in a first-class

DRUG STORE.

We can and do meet anybody's prices in
Western Kansas, both

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL.

We furnish SULPHUR at bed-rock prices. COAL OIL we
have bought way down, and on five-gallon lots will make
great reductions.

GROCERIES.

A full line of staple and fancy Groceries have been added to
our stock. Those who buy of us will get strictly good goods
at low prices.

FLOUR.

We have a select stock at prices which defy competition.
Don't take our word for it, but come and see.
Investigation of our goods is invited.

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NEWS SUMMARY

WASHINGTON TOPICS.

The appointment for the payment of bounty to volunteers, their widows and legal heirs, and for the pay of two and three years' volunteers, have been exhausted.

Hereafter, leaves of absence will be granted to the clerks and employees of the Treasury Department for not more than thirty days for each year of service, and for a proportionate period for shorter terms of service.

The committee appointed to count the cash in the treasury and the notes in the bureau of engraving and printing, have completed their work. The finished and unfinished notes correspond with the treasury book.

The secretary of the interior has appointed the following special agents in the bureau of labor at a salary of \$4 per day: Henry Jones, of Georgia, for general duty in the United States; J. H. Graves, of Delaware for Delaware and New Jersey.

The President has appointed the following Presidential Postmasters: S. A. Asper, Raleigh, N. C.; vice J. Nichols, commission expired; F. Vogt, at Lemars, Iowa, vice J. M. Emery, suspended; J. McWilliams, at Coatsville, Pa., vice F. G. Parke, commission expired.

It is understood the President will appoint Gen. Rorer as one of the following positions: Collector at San Francisco, register of the treasury, register of wills for the District of Columbia, or to a vacancy soon to occur on the Mississippi River commission.

The following Presidential Postmasters have been appointed: John C. Seavey, at Mechanicsburg, Ohio, vice T. E. Shepherd, commission expired; Cary T. Pope, at Hillsboro, Ohio, vice J. W. Patterson, suspended; Novie Blackburn, Fort Decatur, Ind., vice Shopper Peterson resigned.

The President has appointed the following Kansas postmasters: Cyrus A. Reeder, at Anthony, Kas., vice A. S. Lindsey resigned; P. Degarnette, at Chetopa, Kas., vice A. M. Cowan, resigned; Gottlieb Christ, at Sabetha, Kas., vice J. E. Lusk, commission expired; George T. Ticoomb, at Waterville, Kas., vice J. C. Dickey, commission expired; Eugene Bancroft, at Makato, Kas., vice J. D. Vance, office becoming presidential.

The President has appointed the following presidential postmasters: H. T. Snively, at Rawlins, W. T., vice Jas. France, resigned; Albert C. Snyder, at Cheyenne City, Wyo., vice Joseph W. Jones, resigned; Geo. W. Evans, at Ocean Grove, N. Y., vice Henry Beagle, resigned; Henry Kingley, at Schobaire, N. Y., vice Geo. P. Clark, resigned; W. H. Collinsworth, at Richmond, Va., vice G. K. Kimore, commission expired; David Tiddell, at Gadsden, Ala., vice W. E. King, commission expired; Chas. R. Rotherhouse, at Hackensack, N. J., vice Robt. Rushing, Jr., commission expired; Jacob G. Van Riper, at Rutherford, N. J., vice W. H. Stevens, commission expired.

CRIMES AND CASUALTIES.

Preston Wright, city Treasurer of Springfield, Ill., is said to be a defaulter.

Thieves obtained \$7,000 in bonds and \$800 in cash at the residence of Hubert Benard, in Corning, New York.

The house of Henry Lewis, a farmer, of Ottumwa, Minn., burned last night, and five children perished in the flames.

A family of eight persons of Mason, Michigan, partook of diseased pork. One is dead and the other seven are beyond recovery.

A coat of tar and feathers was applied to Hugh Riley, a Boston man who married a girl of Oneida county, New York, and treated her cruelly.

Vigilantes at Friar's Point, Miss., threw a Chinaman into the river and shot him while he was struggling. He was accused of assaulting a white girl.

Hoffman Hood, a United States sailor, drew his pay \$700, at New York, met a confidence man shortly afterwards, and was swindled out of every cent.

John T. Woodard, a lottery dealer at Indianapolis, has been sentenced to the penitentiary for five years for embezzling a prize of \$1,300 drawn by a customer.

Near Springfield, Ohio, John Neneighor lay in wait for his wife, who had left him. On her return to return to his house he shot her in the head and killed himself.

Mrs. Lynn, of Fayette City, Pennsylvania, horse whipped Sheriff Stirling for placing her house a notice that he would sell an organ on which she had failed to pay the installments due.

On a farm near Sumner, Iowa, Fred Bell shot Gottlieb Houseman in the neck, and then killed himself. They were rival suitors for the hand of a young woman, who favored Houseman.

Rudolph Rodriguez, a member of the Mexican band at New Orleans, was killed by John Golden, a local politician. The Mexican was accused of the seduction of Golden's daughter.

The striking quarrymen at Lemont, Illinois, held a meeting yesterday and resolved not to work for less than \$1.75 per day. Several quarry-owners vainly advocated arbitration.

Mrs. Hiram Peantz, of Little, Pennsylvania, went out with her five children for a walk. On reaching a mill the children threw the three eldest out into the stream, and then leaped in with the others under her arms. The first victims were brought to shore and resuscitated; the others perished.

Officers from Ohio arrested at Richmond, Ind., a lady who was formerly the wife of a wealthy citizen of Cleveland, named Cobb, charging her with kidnapping her own son, 9 years of age, the heir of a large estate. She has married again, and the administrator of Mr. Cobb's estate seeks to obtain possession of the lad. The mother and child were discharged by Judge Kibby, on the ground of defects in the requisition.

The papers on which to base the demand for the extradition of Maxwell, the murderer of Preble, at the Southern Hotel, St. Louis, who is now under arrest in Auckland, New Zealand, were signed by Governor Marmaduke, and forwarded at once to Washington. They will name Detective Tracy, of the police force, and Frank R. O'Neill, of the St. Louis Post Dispatch, as the State's agent to bring the murderer back.

While starting up the engine at the cotton mill of the Mason, Ga., manufacturing company, one of the five boilers exploded, killing Frank Gibson, engineer, fracturing the skull of Westley Johnson, who died, and injuring three others. The brick engine house was wrecked, but the main building escaped injury. The damage to the machinery and engine house is estimated at \$10,000. One hundred and fifty persons are thrown out of employment.

A telegram from Texas, says that Gov. Ireland has received from Major Gordie, Superintendent of the State Penitentiary, information of the most daring and successful outrage ever committed in Texas. Forty state convicts were employed on Clay's farm in Brazos county, last evening when the work was stopped by a great mob of armed men. They surrounded the guards and prisoners and demanded the release of the latter. The guards refused, whereupon a fight ensued, in which the convicts joined forces with the mob. The conflict was a terrible one, and resulted in a victory for the attacking party, who disappeared with the convicts. There is no definite information as to whether there were any killed and wounded, but it is reported that several men were fatally wounded. The outrage is due to the hue and cry against the employment of convict labor outside of the penitentiary. The Governor has offered \$200 for the conviction of any of the leaders in the outrage.

George Hurlburt and Michael Quinn were killed by an explosion in the Croton aqueduct in New York city. For several hours the aqueduct at the point of the accident was an open cut terminating at each end in a tunnel. The cut had been finished at the south end, and about 250 feet of the tunnel had been completed, while the heading had been extended 100 feet further. At about 11 o'clock of the morning of the accident fifteen men were working in the heading, while about ten were working in the bench a hundred feet nearer the mouth of the tunnel. Without any warning there occurred the terrific explosion. Every light in the tunnel was put out by the concussion. The men in the tunnel were momentarily stunned, but were soon aroused by the cries of wounded and dying men coming through the smoke and darkness. Quickly relighting their lamps they hurried back to the bench. Michael Quinn lay dead under a pile of rocks. George Hurlburt had been thrown ten feet, and his drill, weighing perhaps 300 pounds, lay across his chest. His face, head and upper part of his body were much injured. He was still alive. Joseph Fejusa lay bruised beneath a pile of rocks, his legs badly injured, and parts of his flesh blown away. James Quinn, who was sitting almost over the place of explosion, had been blown to the top of the heading, but he came down on his feet on the bench without any injury whatever. Milton Smith who was climbing into the heading, was not hurt. The rest of the men were all lying about under piles of rock or timber, all more or less seriously hurt. The injured were removed to the neighboring shanties and doctors were soon rendering every aid in their power.

POLITICAL AND PERSONAL.

William H. Vanderbilt has sailed for Europe.

The confederate graves were decorated at Memphis.

Postmaster-General Vilas is filling the small post-offices at the rate of 100 a day.

It is feared First Assistant Postmaster Hay will be compelled by ill-health to resign.

The silly stories of a quarrel between President Cleveland and his sister are wholly unfounded.

The governor of New York called an extra session of the legislature to make preparations for the coming year.

It is understood that Zachariah H. Montgomery of California is to be appointed assistant Attorney General.

Sergeant Lefmann, a veteran of the battle of Waterloo, who served fifty-four years in the United States army and was retired on a special pension of \$50 per month, died at Youngstown, New York. He was 88 years of age.

At a banquet in New York City, Secretary Bayard said with regard to our foreign policy: "This government has no plan inconsistent with the integrity, prosperity and development of every State in the entire hemisphere. Our policies, commercial and political, are such as cannot fail to strengthen the cause of law, order and morality, and of such I am sure Mr. Roberts will prove himself an able and worthy representative."

Sunset Cox has declined to withdraw from the Turkish mission. He has been asked to do so by a number of constituents whom he has been representing in Congress for a number of years. They held a meeting in New York and appointed a committee to wait on Mr. Cox and ask that he still give them his services in Congress. Mr. Cox refused to withdraw from the mission the committee waited on the President to try

and have him influence Mr. Cox in the matter. The President said the proposition seemed a singular one to make to him. He had found a good man, such a one as he wanted to help run the administration, and here came his friends to say he was a good man, yet to ask him (the President) to let him go. He was afraid the proposition would be a sort of boomerang for those who made it. "It won't do; I mean to have the lion's share of the good things for the administration, and the more resolutions you pass calling Mr. Cox a good man, the more I shall hold on to him."

MISCELLANEOUS.

Confederate memorial day was observed in many parts of the South.

The military order of the Loyal Legion of the United States, at New York city, re-elected Gen. Grant commander.

The Fifth National Supreme Council of the Catholic Knights of America convened in New York city. About sixty delegates from all parts of the United States were present.

The Congress of Churches met at Hartford, Connecticut. Rev. Dr. Burton opened the discussion on the "Functions of Worship in Promoting the Growth of the Church."

Gussie Cottlow, 6 years of age, residing at St. Charles, Illinois, could play the piano by ear when 3 years old, and now executes with accuracy the works of Beethoven and Mendelssohn by note.

The first public wool sale that ever took place was made a day or so ago at St. Louis. The offerings were 50,000 pounds of Texas wool. The sale is regarded as a success and is looked upon as the forerunner of a great trade.

It is reported at East Saginaw, Mich., that the woods around Harrison are red hot and fire sweeping in every direction, burning timber logs 800,000 feet of good white pine logs valued at \$10,000 were totally destroyed.

The trial affecting \$6,000 worth of whisky seized by the County Temperance Alliance, was concluded at West Liberty, Iowa. The liquor was condemned and ordered destroyed. There were two cases. The owner of the liquors will appeal.

The business failures throughout the country during the last seven days number in the United States, 203, Canada, 16; total 219, against 238 last week, and 298 in the week previous. The failures were pretty evenly divided among the different sections of the country.

The appraisers appointed under the will of Wendell Phillips have made a return of his property to the Probate Court of Boston. The total value they find to be \$8,362, consisting of \$3,238 in real and \$4,024 in personal property. A large number of securities are returned as probably worthless.

Reports from various towns within fifty miles of Gunderson which is in the northern part of Wisconsin, show that forest fires are becoming widely spread and are doing great damage. Several settlements are threatened. In a number of instances families have abandoned their homes leaving everything behind. Unless a drenching rain should set in soon, that being the only thing that can stay the progress of the fire, the destruction of property will be very great, and loss of life not improbable.

FOREIGN.

Spanish interests in the Gulf of Guinea are threatened by the French.

Law Wallace was offered "a high position in the Turkish service," but declined it.

The garrison artillery of Montreal, mustering 280 men, left for the Northwest.

Hon. Geo. H. Pendleton arrived at Berlin. Minister to Germany has United States.

Another credit of \$55,000,000 for war purposes has been voted by the British government.

An appropriation of \$25,000,000 is asked by the British government to improve roads in India.

A rupture has occurred in the negotiations for a commercial treaty between England and Spain.

The bulk of military stores recently collected by England at several foreign points will now be sold.

It is now said that Russia refuses and declines the proposal for the settlement of the Afghan difficulty.

A medical commission is to be sent to Spain by England to test inoculation as a cholera preventive.

Gen. Wolsley announces in a farewell address the withdrawal of the British troops from the Sudan.

Irish nationalists are bitter in their denunciation of the government for the renewal of the crime act.

Orangemen and Catholics had a row in Coleridge, a suburb of Glasgow. Many were hurt, but nobody killed.

Victor Hugo, the novelist and essayist is dying. Crowds of friends surround his residence anxiously watching the result.

It is now said the British Consul-General at Cairo, Egypt, will be recalled because he is not in sympathy with the present government.

Garibaldi's memoirs have been edited, but at the request of the Italian government will not be printed until ten years after the date of his death.

The steamer Helvetia, from Antwerp for Montreal, was sunk in deep water off Cape Breton. Her passengers and crew were rescued by the Aradon. The cargo was valued at \$400,000. A sealing steamer reports an unprecedented quality of ice off the coast.

Gen. Law Wallace, United States Minister to the Porte, has officially tendered his farewell to the Sultan and left Constantinople. The American residents in the Turkish capital have presented Gen. Wallace with a eulogistic address.

Hon. E. J. Phelps, the United States Minister to England, arrived at Southampton on the steamer Elbe. A large crowd gathered at the docks early on the morning of his arrival to welcome him. Two tug boats which had steam up, and having the reception party on board, started out to meet the Elbe the moment she was signaled. A eulogistic address from the corporation of Southampton was presented to Mr. Phelps. The weather was fine. The most enthusiasm prevailed. Mr. Lowell was prevented from personally welcoming Mr. Phelps, owing to the Queen's command that he should dine with Her Majesty at Windsor castle that night.

The rush for press and authentic copies of the revised O. J. Testament is unprecedented in England. The Pall Mall Gazette states this evening that the London correspondent of a great New York newspaper offered \$5,000 for simply a right to an advance copy of the revised O. J. Testament at one of the university publishing houses. The officers having the printing in charge were obdurate in refusing to accede to the correspondent's request. This statement was greeted with groans by the Parnellite members. It would be the duty of the government, continued Gladstone, to press the House to pass the bill into a law. Were the conditions more favorable the government would be most anxious to deal with the question of self government in Ireland, and to deal with land purchase in Ireland. Both were measures towards which the government felt they had unfulfilled obligations. It was with great regret that the government announced their inability to ask the House to act upon those measures during the present session.

Gladstone, in the House of Commons, said, in referring to the crime act, without entering into details, that the government intended to embody various provisions in the act which they deemed to be most valuable and equitable. This statement was greeted with groans by the Parnellite members. It would be the duty of the government, continued Gladstone, to press the House to pass a bill into a law. Were the conditions more favorable the government would be most anxious to deal with the question of self government in Ireland, and to deal with land purchase in Ireland. Both were measures towards which the government felt they had unfulfilled obligations. It was with great regret that the government announced their inability to ask the House to act upon those measures during the present session.

A reduced copy of the Bartholdi Statue Liberty Enlightening the World, was formally presented by American residents of the French capital to the municipality of Paris. Hon. Levi P. Morton, ex-United States Minister, on behalf of the American donors, made the speech of presentation, and that of acceptance was delivered by M. Banc, President of the Municipal Council of Paris. Mr. Morton said he hoped the gift would help to perpetuate the friendship between the two nations which the changing events of the century had already strengthened. A breakfast was given by Mr. Morton in honor of Bartholdi. Among the distinguished guests were M. Brissot, President of the Council of Ministers, M. DeFreycinet, Minister of Marine, and M. Lenoire, M. DeFreycinet assured Mr. Morton that the French Government would make every effort to hasten the repeal of the decree forbidding the importation into France of American pork and the re-establishment of the system of inspection. Premier Brissot replying to Mr. Morton thanked the American committee for the gift, and dwelt upon the reciprocal friendship between France and America, which, he said, like the Bartholdi statue, illuminates, not menaces, the world. Referring to the energy of the Americans in the war of secession, M. Brissot said, "But there is no longer a question of war; in the future, peace, liberty and justice between nations constitute the goal towards which the two nations, guided by hand in hand, should march." He concluded by an expression of regret at Mr. Morton's departure. The speech was heartily applauded. M. Banc spoke of the relations between France and the United States, recalling various evidences of the friendship uniting the two peoples.

Atchison Patriot. On Thursday evening the ladies of the Baptist church—and, by the way, they are all good-looking ladies—held a bazaar at the church. Just the precise length, breadth, depth, latitude, longitude and circumference of a bazaar we have never understood. We have never been in Turkey, although the good-looking minister to Turkey married a cousin of the writer. We know, however, that there is lots of fun in it, and that there is lots of good food comes in some place. The ladies opened their bazaar at 2 o'clock p. m., and from that time on until 6 o'clock people enjoyed themselves as they pleased. After that came supper, and a great big table loaded with all kinds of good things, gave every one a chance to eat as long as they pleased.

Laceyville, Bradford county, Penn., boasts of a fourteen-year-old boy who weighs 282 pounds, and is yet growing. He expects to pass his mother, who turns the scales at 400 pounds.